

Civil Rights and School Desegregation

Ch12 lesson 2 pages 193-196

Before You Read

The title of this lesson is Civil Rights and School Desegregation. What does **desegregation** mean?

Look at the photographs in this section. List two people who led the fight for integration in the 1950's.

1.

2.

As You Read

How long did it take for “separate but equal” to be proven false?

Which Supreme Court Case looked at the issue of segregation in public schools in 1954?

Which organization filed a lawsuit against the school district?

Who was the lawyer who argued against segregation?

The Supreme Court argued in favor of integration, what does **integration** mean?

List two examples of segregation in the south:

1.

2.

Why did Rosa Parks refuse to give up her seat to a white man?

Rosa Park's action launched a boycott of buses. What does boycott mean?

Which young minister supported the Montgomery Bus Boycott?

How did the Supreme Court rule on the segregation of buses in 1956?

Who tried to stop African American students from attending Central High School in 1957?

What did President Eisenhower do to ensure that the black students could attend Central High School?

The Congress passed the Civil Rights Act of 1957. What did this new law make illegal?

Biography: Thurgood Marshall – page 196

What did Marshall study in college?

Which organization did Marshall work for as a lawyer (counsel)?

What was Marshall's most famous civil rights case?

In 1967, what new job did Marshall earn from President Johnson?

What was Marshall the first at?