## The March on Washington and I Have a Dream

Read <u>We Shall Overcome</u> section on the March on Washington, pages 67-70, and answer the following questions:

- 1. What was the name of the union organizer who first called for a march on Washington?
- 2. President Kennedy tried to squelch the march. What does this mean?
- 3. Why do you think the organizers of the March on Washington wanted to include both blacks and whites?
- 4. Which person organized the event?
- 5. List three groups that participated in the March on Washington.
- 6. How many people attended the March?
- 7. Why is it symbolic that Martin Luther King delivered the "I Have A Dream" speech from the steps of the Lincoln Memorial?
- 8. How did President Kennedy change his view of the march, after it occurred?
- 9. What happened in Birmingham several weeks after the March on Washington?
- 10. Who was killed with the bombing in Birmingham?
- 11. Your book does not say who planted these bombs, who do you think was responsible?
- 12. What do you think Dr. King said should be done about this terrible event?

## The Dream For Your Generation

The contribution to civil rights is a challenge for each generation. Past generations have fought against slavery and for the rights of women and African Americans.

- 1. What do you think will be the most important fight for civil rights in your generation? List one group of Americans you still feel faces discrimination.
- 2. Give examples of the type of discrimination faced by this group?
- 3. What rights would you like this group to enjoy?
- 4. What methods do you feel will be most important in achieving these rights?

In the area below write your own lines for a dream speech to help the group you identified above. This will be the dream for your generation, and perhaps it will guide your action in the future.

I have a dream \_\_\_\_\_

I have a dream

I have a dream \_\_\_\_\_